



GREENTECH FINAL PRESENTATION 29/11/2024 Jonage, France















- Welcome Speech
- **Presentation** of the GreenTech project
- Round Table Discussion: challenges and solution to reinforce initial and continuous training on renewable energies
- Presentation of the GreenTech project results
- **Conclusion** of the presentations
- Speed meetings Companies and Students // Networking session





WELCOME SPEECH



Vincent BRIAT



















PRESENTATION OF THE GREENTECH PROJECT



Nadia GONTHIER Head of international service





Anabelle MORICEAU Executive director



















Context

Climate change and zero carbon transition

New knowledge required / a more complex energy system

Importance to train more versatile technicians, with a whole picture

Lack of qualified manpower (maintenance technicians)

- It is estimated that about 1.5 million highly skilled people must be trained every year in Europe in the renewables sector
- In France : 200 000 new jobs in electricity sector by 2030







Objectives



Breaking down the barriers between individual energy system training courses

Create **training modules** for technicians dealing with the new energy mix

Help increase the number of **women** in training courses and professions





Consortium and project team



Upstream phase

Erasmus+

Erasmus + project : the results must benefit the greatest number of people

STAKEHOLDERS MAPPING SURVEY AND INTERVIEWS BENGE COFFEEP A BALLOC STOLES SHOT STOLES Controls Controls A no. ∑ 1...- 3 Plant V = Controls REEN **GREEN** Tech Europe trains technician in renewable energies **WEBSITE** https://greentech-erasmus.eu/

Training modules

- Erasmus + project : the results must benefit the greatest number of people
- All modules have been reviewed by professionnals !







ROUND TABLE DISCUSSION









Round Table Discussion

Challenges and solution to reinforce initial and continuous training on

renewable energies





Michel DEGANIS

RÉGION ACADÉMIQUE AUVERGNE-RHÔNE-ALPES

Liberté Égalité Fraternité



Gregorio BLANCO SÁEZ





Jean-Luc REBOUD





PROJECT'S RESULTS













Project's results



1. How to access the resources

2. Modules presentation

- M1 : solar energy
- M2 : wind energy
- M3 : network management and storage
- M4 : Hydrogen green production
- M5 : Hydrogen usages
- 1. First results and lessons learnt
- 2. Q&A



How to access the resources

Developed course materials, for each module: <u>LINK WEBSITE</u>

- Descriptive sheet
- Course content + slideshow
- Video
- Evaluation quiz

MOOC, for each module: LINK CASEINE

- Introductive videos
- Activity
- Descriptive sheet + course content + slideshow + videos
- Evaluation quiz
- Forum, Q&A...











Modules presentation















GreenTech Project - Module 1 Solar Energy



Remigijus KALIASAS















Content of the module

- 1. Solar energy
- 2. Solar photovoltaic technology (PV)
- 3. Solar water heating systems
- 4. Design example of solar plants
- 5. PV system monitoring
- 6. Installation and maintenance
- 7. Health and safety study
- 8. Circular economy



Thomas Edison, 1931

"I'd put my money on the sun and solar energy. What a source of power! I hope we don't have to wait until oil and coal run out before we tackle that."



Solar energy





Solar energy flow



51% absorbed by surface

Solar energy





Solar Photovoltaic (PV)



Concentration

Concentrated Solar Power (CSP)



Concentrated Photovoltaic (CPV)



Solar photovoltaic technology (PV)

lecr





Photovoltaic (PV) systems convert light energy directly into electricity

Commonly known as "solar cell"



Solar water heating systems











b) Passive type solar water heater system





Evacuated tube solar collector with working principle

Design example of solar plants





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PV system monitoring

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Electricity grid + communication

- Power plant to grid operator
- Grid operator to utility services
- Utility services to consumers
- Consumers to appliances



Installation, Safe Work, Circular Economy















Module testing in Lithuania









Module testing in France









Interview at SoliTek company









GreenTech project – Module 2 Wind Energy



Content

- 1 Background, current situation and expectations
- 2 Wind turbine components and infrastructure
- 3 Maintenance
- 4 Design example
- 5 Circular economy









Content

1 - Background, current situation and expectations.







New installations in Europe – WindEurope's scenarios



🛡 Onshore 🔍 Offshore 🗨 Central Scenario 📌 2030 Targets Scenario

Source: WindEurope

European wind energy generation 2022



*Capacity factors of entire fleet including old turbines



Content

2 - Wind turbine components and infrastructure.

- Description of a complete wind system.
- Types of installations.
- Wind turbines.
- Infrastructures



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Content

3 - Maintenance.



fig. 44: Damaged terminals, hardware, and covers on rotor and stator leads (Velasco, n.d.)



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fig. 45 Belleville washers allow the preload to be maintained in the bolted joint despite the expansions suffered by the metal due to temperature changes





fig. 42: Ground track and brushes damaged by shunt. (Velasco, n.d.)



Content

4 - Design example.

ONSF	IORE	WIND	FARM

Main considerations and resources for a wind farm project design:

Wind speed average and consistency: <u>https://globalwindatlas.info/en/</u>

- Land characteristics: <u>https://www.europe-geology.eu/</u>
- Electrical grid: <u>https://www.entsoe.eu/</u>
- Environmental impact: <u>https://www.eea.europa.eu</u>
 Turbines distribution: <u>https://www.google.es/maps</u>



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17. BUDGET

The material execution budget of this project amounts to the amount of TWENTY-FIVE MILLION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-FOUR THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED FOUR EUROS AND SEVENTEEN EURO CENTS (€25,654,204.17)

Below is a summary of the different games:

-		
	GENERAL BUDGET	
	1 WIND TURBINE SUPPLY	22,926,531,60
	1.01 SUPPLY AND ASSEMBLY OF WIND TURBINES	22,799,880.00
	1.02 SUPPLY AND ASSEMBLY OF MEDIUM VOLTAGE CELLS	126,651.60
	2 CIVIL WORKS	2,350,449.90
	2.01 ACCESS ROADS, junctions and GRAL 2.02. INTERNAL	389,369.65
	ROADS AND PLATFORMS	966,803.27
	2.03 WIND TURBINE AND TOWER FOUNDATIONS	866,652.18
	2.04 M/ LINE CANALIZATION	127,634.80
	3 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS 3.01	219,211.08
	ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES	127,328.85
	3.02 MV NETWORK	12,448.33
	3.03 PAT NETWORK	26,407.80
	3.04 COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK	17,526.10
	3.05 MV NETWORK TESTS	34,000.00
	3.06 MV NETWORK START-UP	1,500.00
	4 HEALTH AND SAFETY / QUALITY CONTROL	42,361.59
	4.01 HEALTH AND SAFETY / QUALITY CONTROL	42,361.59
	5-WASTE MANAGEMENT 5.01	115,650.00
	WASTE MANAGEMENT	115,650.00
	TOTAL EXECUTION MATERIAL	25,654,204.17
	GENERAL EXPENSES 13%	3,335,046.54
	INDUSTRIAL PROFIT 6%	1,539,252.25
	TOTAL BID BASE	30,528,502.97
-		

Table 9 Total budget



Internal

M2 – Wind Energy

Content

5 - Circular economy.

Raw materials used in wind turbines

Aluminium Boron Chromium

Cobal

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Nickel Rare Earths* Concrete * dysprosium, neodymium, praseodymium, terbium Sources: European Commission Materials Information System (MIS) Wind Energy. April 2016 and European Commission Raw Materials Scoreboard 2016. The source does not specify the wind lurbine type on which the above information is based.

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Labs, demos & interviews









Labs, demos & interviews






M2 – Wind Energy



Labs, demos & interviews









GreenTech project – Module 3 Network management and storage





Written course - pdf



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Presentation - pptx



Video - YouTube





MOOC Content

- Generating electrical energy
- Transmission & Distribution
- Energy storage concepts
- Energy Management Systems



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1. Generating electrical energy

• Forms of energy

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- Classic Production Plants : thermal, nuclear, CCGT, CHP
- Renewables : PV, wind, hydropower, H2 fuel cells









2. Transmission & Distribution

- Energy transport from power plants to consumers
- AC & DC grids
- transformers-convertors
- Power electronics
- Voltage levels, protection







3. Energy Storage Concepts

- Electrical batteries : Li-ion, V2G
- Water : pumped hydro
- Mechanical : fly wheels, CAES, . . .
- Heat : geo-thermal, networks, . . .
- Molecules : H₂, NH₃, CH₄, clathrate hydrogen







4. Energy Management - EMS

- Power grid, Smartgrid, μGrid
- DSM Demand side mgmt
- SCADA
- VPP Virtual powerplants
- Smart metering
- Pricing €/kWh vs €/kW



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Smart Grid Lab, sun collector







Heritage, thermal power station





Demo's, Labs & case study's – inspiration for teachers



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Substation HV-MV, training centre TSO











Teaching activities, labs







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Field installations, cooling system





GreenTech project – Module 4 Hydrogen green production















Université



Content of the module



I. Hydrogen: current status

- II. H₂ to face carbon emissions
- **III. Electrolysers for H**₂ production
- IV. Hydrogen storage
- V. Some theory as scaling tools
- VI. Risks and safety rules





Hydrogen: current industrial status



I. Hydrogen: current status



- **III. Electrolysers for H₂ production**
- IV. Hydrogen storage
- V. Some theory as scaling tools

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VI. Risks and safety rules

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H2 to face carbon emissions

Awtoud She, In abbie Annode



II. H₂ to face carbon emissions

- **III. Electrolysers for H**₂ production
- IV. Hydrogen storage
- V. Some theory as scaling tools

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VI. Risks and safety rules

Tech





H2 to face carbon emissions



I. Hydrogen: current status 🍟

II. H₂ to face carbon emissions

- **III. Electrolysers for H₂ production**
- IV. Hydrogen storage
- V. Some theory as scaling tools

VI. Risks and safety rules



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Par ailleurs, la société Norsk Hydro, premier constructeur et utilisateur d'électrolyseurs à eau au niveau mondial, présente en 1980 à EDF un projet d'unité de 300 MW, dérivé de ses unités existantes.

Én 1984, le meilleur fonctionnement de ses pilotes, d'abord de 10 puis de 30 kW, fait pencher le choix sur le groupe ACB-LDM, auquel la commande d'un pilote de 2,4 MW est passée, qui incorpore toutes les options retenues par le constructeur, à savoir :

— enceinte pressurisée à 30 bars ;

— module type d'électrolyse de 2,4 MW à électrodes de nickel avec nickel fritté activé, de 1 m \times 1 m ;

— cellules minces d'épaisseur de 5 mm;

— électrolyse de la potasse à 40 %, à 120°, sous 10 kA/m².

Pour des raisons pratiques d'exploitation et d'utilisation de l'hydrogène, le site d'implantation retenu pour le pilote est la plate-forme chimique de Rhône-Poulenc de Pont-de-Claix, près de Grenoble.

H2 to face carbon emissions



I. Hydrogen: current status 👕

- II. H₂ to face carbon emissions
- **III. Electrolysers for H**₂ production
- IV. Hydrogen storage
- V. Some theory as scaling tools
- VI. Risks and safety rules





Electrolysers for H₂ production

I. Hydrogen: current status 👕

II. H_2 to face carbon emissions (\mathbf{z})



- **III. Electrolysers for H**₂ production
- IV. Hydrogen storage
- V. Some theory as scaling tools
- VI. Risks and safety rules





Tech



Hydrogen storage

Tech





Some theory as scaling tools

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tech





Risks and safety rules









From the classroom to the lab

 \mathbb{I}



I. Hydrogen: current status 🝟

II. H_2 to face carbon emissions (\mathbf{z})

III. Electrolysers for H₂ production

IV. Hydrogen storage

V. Some theory as scaling tools

VI. Risks and safety rules

10h in classroom

+ 8h of practicals at UGA











GreenTech project – Module 5 Energy usage





m

PANEVĖŽIO

KOLEGIJA













Content of the module



- II. Raw material for the energy
- III. Final uses of energy
- **IV. Energy transfers**
- V. VI. Power from low-carbon fuels
- VII. Energy challenge





Energy value chains: present and future

I. Energy value chains

II. Raw material for the energy



IV. Energy transfers

V. VI. Power from low-carbon fuels

VII. Energy challenge



Tech



Raw material for the energy

50 MW Onshore wind plant



I. Energy value chains



II. Raw material for the energy

III. Final uses of energy

IV. Energy transfers

V. VI. Power from low-carbon fuels

VII. Energy challenge







Final uses of energy



I. Energy value chains II. Raw material for the energy III. Final uses of energy Oil Other transformation **IV. Energy transfers** Coal Natural gas Cars V. VI. Power from low-carbon fuels Trucks — Trains Transport Hydrogen Bioenergy **VII. Energy challenge** Ships Aircrafts Other transport Other renewables Industry Chemicals From power and heat **Power and heat** Iron and steel From hydrogen Cement Hydro Buildings Other industry Solar PV Agriculture Residential DAC To power and heat To other transformation Wind Services Non-energy use Losses Losses Losses Nuclear



Energy transfers





Power from low-carbon fuels



I. Energy value chains
II. Raw material for the energy
III. Final uses of energy
IV. Energy transfers
V. VI. Power from low-carbon fuels
VII. Energy challenge



Fuel cell





Energy a multi-criteria challenge





- II. Raw material for the energy
- III. Final uses of energy
- IV. Energy transfers



V. VI. Power from low-carbon fuels

VII. Energy challenge



Natural resources

Sufficiency

Financial ressources

Human resources

Economy

Geopolitics

Lab work on the balance of plant of a fuel cell system







First results

and lessons learnt













Internal

MOOC



- **95 participants** have followed the first session of the MOOC
- 8 countries represented
- 20 people completed a module and obtained at least one badge
- 11 people completed all the modules
- <u>Per module:</u>

Introductory module : 16 people obtained the badge Solar energy : 17 people obtained the badge Wind energy : 17 people obtained the badge Network management and storage : 12 people obtained the badge Green hydrogen production : 14 people obtained the badge Usages : 14 people obtained the badge

- <u>Content evaluation of the modules :</u>
- All the modules were much appreciated and very well evaluated (77% with a score between 4 and 5 (on a scale of 1 to 5))
- The course slides were excellent supplements
- The "Descriptive sheet" files was useful as a preamble to the modules to help understand their objectives
- 80% of participants felt that the teaching objectives of the modules had been met
Project feedback / lessons learnt



The report is available on the GreenTech website : <u>https://greentech-erasmus.eu</u>

- 548 students benefited from the test sessions (218 students for local training sessions / 330 students for training sessions in partner institution)
- 75% of students followed the courses with interest

What's working well?

- Long-term sustainability of the project and reinvestment > the courses were integrated into the students' training programs.
- The teachers were much appreciated and listened to the needs of their students.
- A small number of students to create good teaching and learning conditions :
- Good results of the knowledge tests : 73% of students' answers were correct

What could be improved?

- It would be interesting to clearly indicate the necessary prerequisites at the start of each module.
- Divide the content of the modules into several sub-sections, associated with different levels of competence.
- Deliver courses in English rather than in the language of the teachers' country (work on the scientific and technical vocabulary of the modules).
- Difficulties in transposing practical sessions: using professional software for case studies is a good solution



Questions & Answers













Internal



Perspectives













Internal

Perspectives

- Deliverables availability and dissemination : CMQe SES / GIP website
- MOOC
 - Will remain open on Caseine (Université Grenoble Alpes)
 - New session(s) ?
- IUT1 : will continue the exchanges with GreenTech partners to teach 1 or severals modules to BUT3 students → Erasmus mobilities
- Elibrary started by ETF (European Training Foundation)
- Links with the COVE Project P4ELECS
- Ex-GreenTech Team \rightarrow meeting in a few months
- Perspectives from the audience ?









SPEED MEETINGS



NETWORKING













Internal